

# The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 9734.—VOL. LX.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1869.

PRICE TWO PENCE.

GOULBURN.

THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.  
M. ROBERT CRAIG is sole agent for this journal  
in Goulburn. Orders for insertion of advertisements  
or for the supply of papers will receive strict attention.

THE SYDNEY MAIL.

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TENDERS.

BOROUGH OF GAMPIERDOWN.—NOTICE is  
hereby given that the Council of this Borough intend  
borrowing the sum of £200, under the provisions of the  
10th section of the Municipalities Act of 1857, for the  
general improvement of the borough; that the rate of  
interest to be paid by the Council is 8 per centum, payable half-yearly  
on the 1st January and 1st July, upon the amount of the municipality,  
amounting to £100 per annum.

GEORGE RAVISON, Mayor,  
W. J. HOWE, Council Clerk,  
Council Chambers, 2nd August, 1869.

CHURCH CATHEDRAL,  
NEWCASTLE.

The Building Committee of the Catholic Church  
desire to inform the public that the Thorne Grid-iron and other  
property in the Province, the undersigned off his  
services as share broker and land agent, JOSEPH NEW-

MAN, Address Newman and Ewen, Rosses, W.  
Wright Esq., Hunter's Hill; or J. J. Wright and Co.

THE Two young MEN that called about the HOUSES  
in Elizabeth-street, near the Albert Cricket Ground,  
would oblige by calling again.

## PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR

### PUBLIC NOTICES

#### REDUCTION IN PRICE OF GAS.

Australian Gas Light Co.'s Office.

Sydney, 1st August, 1869.

The price of Gas sold by Meter has, THIS DAY, been  
reduced by the Directors of this Company, from Ten  
Shillings to Eight Shillings and Sixpence per thousand  
feet, taking effect from 1st July ultimo.

By order of the Board.

R. MANSFIELD.

NO OWNERS OF RACE HORSES.—Mr. Bushan

Thompson begs to call attention to the CLOSING

of the ENTRANCES for the Randwick Spring Meeting,

which must reach his office not later than 4 p.m. THIS

DAY.

SAKENS ESTATE OF T. A. WELLER.

KIAMA.—ALL CLAIMS against this Estate must be

presented to the Trustees, Mr. A. Mather and Co.,

York-street, by noon of TUESDAY, the 3rd August.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH

WALES.

Between JOHN SOLOMON, Plaintiff, and SARAH

HART, Defendant.

WHEREAS an action has been commenced in this

Supreme Court, at the suit of the above Plaintiff,

SARAH HART, to recover the sum of two hundred and three

pounds, being the amount of principal and interest due on a

proceeding note for the sum of two hundred pounds,

and the costs of suit, for the month of January, the eight

hundred and sixty-nine, made by the defendant to the

Plaintiff, JOHN HART, and payable to the said John Hart

order, at six months after date thereof; and it being alleged

that the said Plaintiff is entitled to the sum of one

hundred and forty-four pounds, and the costs of suit,

and the expenses of this action, and the expenses of

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the proximity with which the people "lit up." Soon after eight o'clock, a torchlight procession of the Germans, and very effective it was—a set of sight to put one in mind of Dant's "Inferno," or something as weird as the which scenes in Macbeth. The torch bearers were dressed in gay tropes of boys, who were in the cloutour. The procession was to Holme's tent, and there a deputation from the army presented to his Excellency an address, to which the Governor replied.

The procession then departed, and arrived to the other side of the town, and about half an hour afterwards his Excellency, Mr. Captain Boreford and the Hon. John Robertson, went to

## THE DINNER.

Considering the short time allowed for preparation, Mr. Jacobs having received barely twelve hours' notice to serve up the feast, an excellent dinner was provided. The atmosphere was not so numerous as was expected, the tables were by no means full, but the gentlemen however, were numerous, and contributed as successfully to their and their neighbours' enjoyment as if there had been a more crowded assemblage. The Mayor of Grafton, Mr. T. Bawden occupied the chair. Upon his right sat the Governor, and upon his left the Hon. Mr. Robertson, and among the company were Captain Boreford, Captain Hill, Police Magistrate of Grafton. Mr. McKellar, Mr. T. Fisher, Mr. Joseph Page, Mr. Grant, Mr. Myne, Mr. Day, Mr. Mellion, Rev. Father Johnson, and many other gentlemen.

The chairman got up to the substantial portion of the banquet, "the feast of reason and the flow of soul"—a more Barmecide than equally popular kind of entertainment—legan. The Mayor, an Oldhamer, proposed the royal family—pledges which were loudly and heartily recognized in the noisy cheering manner. After the formal toast had been given,

The CHAIRMAN got up to an important toast of the sanguine, to "the health of the Queen of the Commonwealth of Australia"—the Queen of the Commonwealth of Australia (cheers). And he was to be the commencement of a night of fun, for Grafton was to have a grand ballroom party for the next four years. (Hear, hear.) It convinced him that the Government was beginning to recognise this as an important district of the colony. (Cheers.) A voice said they must. No doubt, that must be what the population increased, this district must be made what nature destined it to be, one of the best districts in the colony. (Cheers.) It was, in his opinion, a great honour, a great distinction to them to have it as guests persons who had been so experienced some few years back. (Hear, hear.) It was only within the last three or four years that we had anything at all done for this district by this gentle Government.

The Clarence district had been almost unknown in Sydney, and the people had been continually confined to the Clarence River with Grafton Town in the Hunter, imagining that they had to go up the Hunter to reach this place, as if there were no river in the colony but the Hunter. (Hear, hear.) He was sure that the progress of his party, and the progress of the Government, was glad to hear that this was so far advanced.

Mr. Robertson said he would now ask them to charge their glasses, in order to drink to the toast of the evening. (Cheers.) He was sure they would drink it in bumptious. (Cheers.) He said he was much obliged to them for the dinner in which they had been so hospitable, and for their being present for time, and that he should, therefore, content himself with the briefest expression of his thanks for the kind words in which the health of the Queen had been drunk. (Cheers.) And he thought he would be a bold man who came to the Clarence to oppose Mr. Robertson, and to propose, "The Queen, how she would go on" (Applause).

The last glass was drunk with three cheers.

The Hon. JOHN ROBERTSON, on rising to respond was loudly cheered.

He said he was much obliged to them for the dinner in which they had been so hospitable, and for the kind words in which they had been drunk. (Laughter.) He added, however, that he was sure, all turned out for the best.

He confessed that he had no disposition to enter public life again. He would much prefer to be left out of politics altogether, but when the people of the Clarence asked him, in his absence, to speak for them, that he couldn't resign in less time than 64 days, he thought he might just as well take his seat for that time, so that the place might not be left unoccupied. (Laughter.)

During the four days he had been here the Government were going to bring in a new hand law, were going to alter the law in certain particulars—and he wanted to know, naturally enough, in what particular they intended to do it? Thus he remained, and events transpired, which perhaps it was not well to refer to in the presence of the Queen. (Cheers.) He said he had no disposition to remain in Parliament, and had the distinguished honour of being called upon by his Excellency to form an administration. He did not want to talk about that now. He would prefer to speak of his Excellency's visit to congrate with the people of the Clarence upon his arrival, and the Countess of Belmont. (Loud cheers.) It was, in his opinion, a great honour, a great distinction to them to have it as guests persons who had been so experienced some few years back. (Hear, hear.) It was only within the last three or four years that we had anything at all done for this district by this gentle Government.

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## COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, JUNE 18.  
Bank rate 4 per cent, but lower in the open market.

Australian payments on the 18th were large, but gave no impetus to business.

The Victorian Railway Loan is withdrawn.

There is little demand for discount, and a total absence of foreign loans; large sums in hands of bankers for investment.

The London and Australian Agency dividend is 10 per cent.; Chartered Bank, 8 per cent.

Failures are numerous, and include Livesey and Sharpe, of Liverpool, and J. Clough and Co., of Bradford.

The trade returns to April are encouraging, increase £1,000,000 on corresponding quarter of previous year, or £2,000,000 over 1867 for the first quarter.

Imports to Victoria, £1,505,495; exports, £1,222,122.

**COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.**—Victorian sixes, January-July, 11½ to 11½; April-October, 11½ to 12½. New South Wales fives, 1871-76, January-July, 10½; 1888-1896, 100½; 1868-78, 100½. New Zealand fives, 1891, consolidated, June-December, 10½; sixes, March-September, 11½. Queensland sixes, January-July, 11½; 1891, 11½. South Australian Government Securities sixes, 11½. Hobson's Bay Railway, 52½; bonds, sixes, 10½; fives, 9½.

## WOOL REPORT.

The second series of colonial sales commenced on the 6th of May, and terminated on the 10th of June. Catalogues comprised—Sydney 41,573 bales, Melbourne, 93,899. The attendance generally was hardly so large as usual.

Prices opened fully at a reduction of 1d. per lb. upon February-March rates. As sales progressed the market again gave way, and declined a halfpenny to threepence for all descriptions; greasy and flocks in proportion.

Bright-haired Leicester sorts are in active demand, and realised an advance.

Towards the close of the sales a better feeling prevailed, Sydney and Queensland supply was large, but mostly of low and medium sorts.

Nearly one-half of the whole quantity consisted of importations from Victoria. The next sales commence on 12th August, when about 180,000 bales will be offered.

Helmut Schwartze reports the course of this series was an uneven one, starting with a decline of about 1d. from the average prices obtained at March sales; after a few days' duration they exhibited the downward tendency of the market in a more marked degree; 2d. and even 3d. less than in March sales were paid for Australian washed combing wools, and greasy sorts suffered in proportion.

For a fortnight great dullness and irregularity prevailed; buyers feeling evidently uneasy under a decline as unexpected as material, and which, as it was showing itself at the outset of the heaviest series on record, naturally threatened still greater weakness for the further course of the sales. To whatever extent these fears may have been entertained, the result proved them groundless, for after about one-half the available quantity had been disposed of, a reaction in tone set in, which, aided by an increased attendance of buyers, brought prices gradually back to the starting point. In this position the market has continued not always evenly firm for the last ten days, but with a fair amount of competition and spirit, yet without any appreciable tendency to a further rise.

## EXPORTS.

The principal exports to Sydney as per Stables' Circular are—bar and rod iron, 236

tons; hoop iron, 74 tons; plate iron, 105 tons; pig iron, none; sheet iron, 25 tons; galvanised iron, 236 tons; wire and wire-rope, 54 tons; linseed oil, 8003 gallons; rape oil, 599 gallons; olive oil, 30 gallons; woolpacks, £2334; corn-sacks, £1223; gunpowder, 79 cwt.; tobacco, 22,538 lbs.; brandy, 12,187 gallons; rum, 26,735 gallons; red wine, 5718 gallons; white wine, 4264 gallons; beer (bulk), 3375 barrels; beer (glass), 975 barrels; white salt, 716 tons; candles (British) 203 cwt.; candles (Foreign), 288 cwt.; currants, 904 cwt.; cheese, 71 cwt.; bacon and hams, 110 cwt.; malt, 170 quarters; hops, 240 cwt.; fish, salt, £5.

To Victoria: Bar rod iron, 74 tons; hoop, 120 tons; plate, 166 tons; sheet, 51 tons; galvanized iron, 390 tons; wire rope, 134 tons; linseed oil, 16,260 gallons; rape, 1031 gallons; olive, 995 gallons; woolpacks, £5366; corn-sacks, £983; gunpowder, 691 cwt.; tobacco, 148,289 lbs.; brandy (bulk), 5876 gallons; case, 161,728 gallons; rum, 18,513 gallons; red wine, 12,893 gallons; white, 8234 gallons; beer (bulk), 954 barrels; beer (glass), 1794 barrels; white salt, 555 tons; British candles, 102 cwt.; foreign, 1910 cwt.; currants, 1420 cwt.; cheese, 159 cwt.; bacon and hams, 18 cwt.; malt, 3359 quarters; hops, 1300 cwt.; salt fish, £588.

**EXTRONS FOR MAY.**—To Sydney, decrease, £17,827. Victoria, £578,973; increase, £28,523. Queensland, decrease, £46,600. Adelaide, increase, £4634. Tasmania, increase, £24,466. New Zealand, increase, £76,185.

## PRODUCE MARKETS.

AUSTRALIAN TALLOW in brisk demand. Mutton advanced, 40s. 6d. to 41s. 6d.; fat beef, 42s. 9d. to 43s. 6d. Stock, 3900 casks, 1179 casks Australian sold freely.

HIDES, limited request at a slight reduction of 7281; salted Australian, 4400 were sold.

LEATHER quiet at decline, best sides 10½ to 11d.; inferior, 9d. to 10d.

MIMOSA BANK plentiful. Adelaide, £9 10s. to £10 for ground; £9 to £9 10s. for chopped.

PETROLEUM, 1s. 7d., standard white. COPPER.—Extremely depressed.

## SHIPPING.

## ARRIVED.

City of Dunedin, Chile, Countess Kintore, Queen of Nations, Matilda, Robert Hine, Fugitive, Salamander, Brycedale, Robert Henderson, Queen Bee, Mystery, Glenmark, Verulam, Wave of Life, Julia Tatham, Himalaya. SAILED.

FOR SYDNEY.—Annie Story, Ellen Stewart, Warrickshire, Christiana Thompson, Zemindar, Ann Duthie, and Commissary.

FOR MELBOURNE.—Britomart, J. R. Joshua, Hecuba, Lochame, Meltemone, Naval Reserve, Penthesilia, Superb, J. L. Hall, Harlaw, Sarah Grie, Suffolk, Zenobia, Palm Tree.

FOR ADELAIDE.—Coomatto, A. Oliver, Verulam.

QUEENSLAND.—Sea Star.

FOR TASMANIA.—Wesbury.

FOR NEW ZEALAND.—John Bunyan, Abdul Mejid, Advance, Excelsior, Halcyone, Mackay.

LOADING.—For Sydney, 20; Melbourne, 22; Adelaide, 11; Brisbane, 4; Tasmania, 2.

The La Paix, from Charente to Melbourne, has 75 hogheads 56½ quarters 4322 cases brandy, 404 cases wine, 100 cases vinegar, 735 cases sardines, 26 cases corns, 20 cases champagne, 140 cases oilmen's stores, 88 tons salt. The Antoinette, from Bordeaux to Melbourne, left on 25th May, with 55 casks 100 cases brandy, 20 hogheads 810 cases wine, 30 cases champagne, 355 cases sardines, 30 cases oilmen's stores. Both ships have considerable quantities of cargo, including 5650 cases wax candles, for port undistinguished. The Beringes on berth at Bordeaux, for Australia.

## LATEST TELEGRAMS.

GALLE, JULY 14.

LONDON, JULY 10.

The American difficulty is over; Mr. Motley has been instructed by his Government not to press the matter; the American Government hopes that when the present excitement subsides the British Government will invite a renewal of negotiations. The proclamation of neutrality on the part of Great Britain is not of itself a ground of complaint, nor sufficient to rest a claim for compensation on, but taken conjointly with subsequent unfriendly acts that occasioned losses, requires some reparation; Mr. Motley is further instructed to assure the British Government that the American Government desires to effect a settlement honourable to both nations.

At Chalons Napoleon delivered a speech to the troops, which the official journals praise for its pacific character. "The work of Government," he said, "was reconciled to strong power with liberal institutions."

Elections terminated generally in favour of the Government. Thiers and Favre were defeated. Olivier was beaten at Paris, but was elected for Van.

1035 arrests were made in Paris during the elections, but only 200 persons were detained to wait further proceedings.

At the opening of the Corps Legislatif, M. Rouher said the Government would bring forward measures to satisfy the country; the Opposition gave notice of a series of interpellations involving Ministerial responsibility—which Ministers resisted; the Emperor accepted all but the three, involving Ministerial responsibility. The Ministers resigned, and the Emperor is forming a new Cabinet. It is rumoured he will consult the people by plebiscite.

The Regency of Spain is conferred on Serrano.

Dulce was obliged by volunteers to leave Cuba, consequent on his undue leniency to the insurgents; Cabelos Rodas has proceeded to recognise their independence, holding that Spain controlled Cuba until her troops were expelled. Eight hundred men eluded the vigilance of the New York authorities, and sailed for Cuba, but were intercepted by an American cruiser.

The American War department advertises twelve iron clads for sale.

The Conservatives carried the Virginian elections.

The Greek Chambers were opened by the King, who stated his adherence to the terms of the conference.

With reference to the money market, a private telegram, July 9th, states that the Bank rate is 3½, and money plentiful; the Bank reserve bullion has swollen to £3,000,000 in five weeks.

No export of gold.

Consols, 92½ to 92½ for money.

Some Australian securities are half per cent. better.

The House of Commons negatived a motion in favour of an amnesty to the Fenians.

The Great Eastern commenced on the 21st June to lay the French Atlantic Cable from

Brest to St. Pierre, Newfoundland; on the 30th, 1038 miles were paid out. The next message said the cable was cut and buoyed to repair a fault, but on 6th July 1700 miles were laid.

The dispute between France and Belgium as to the Luxembourg Railway is settled on all points by mediation.

The Vicerey of Egypt is on a visit to England. Buckingham Palace has been placed at his disposal. He dined with the Queen at Windsor, and there was a grand review of the troops. He goes to meet the Czar in the Crimea, and desires to make the opening of the Suez Canal an international affair on a grand scale. The Prince of Wales and Prince Arthur will be present. France, Prussia, Austria, Russia, and Italy will be represented by mem-

bers of the Royal Families. Numerous invitations have been issued to scientific men, for all whom the Vicerey will provide; and also for the press.

Lord Napier has resigned the command of the Bombay army. Sir Augustus Spencer succeeds him.

Mr. Vaughan, with a force of military and constabulary, have been sent to the north of Ireland, where Orange riots occurred at Portadown; the police fired, killed one, and wounded others.

The Revenue for the quarter is £18,847,044.

The Government have refused to prosecute the directors of Overend and Gurney; the Chief Justice refuses to allow Dr. Thom to prosecute personally.

A select committee has been appointed in the Commons to inquire into the expenditure of the Abyssinian war, as the expense of the transports is complained of.

Spy won the Liverpool Cup.

The Government of India Bill was read a second time in the Commons.

The Bombay Bank Commission's report strongly condemns the management, and states that the secretary was reckless, idle, and incompetent, and the president and directors negligent, ignorant, and incapable.

The Conservatives won the Stafford election.

The steamer Calcutta with the Persian Gulf Cable has sailed.

France is still in a disturbed state; a workmen's strike at Etienne, developed into a revolutionary riot, two serious encounters took place between the troops and the people, in the first of which 12 rioters were killed, 33 persons and 7 soldiers were wounded; and in the second 11 rioters were killed. General Palikas was sent from Paris with reinforcements. Paris is also disturbed, and an uneasy feeling prevails.

On the evening of the 11th June the Emperor and Empress drove in an open carriage through the principal streets without any escort; but that night Marshal Neil and other ministers remained with the grenadiers at the Tuilleries. During the night a riot took place, which the cavalry suppressed; on the 12th June the shops in the Boulevards were shut, and many arrests were made; next day all was quiet.

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The Irish Church Bill passed through Committee in the Lords on the 6th of July; the second reading was carried by a majority of 33. Earl Derby warmly opposed it, and the Marquis of Salisbury ably defended it; the Earl of Harrowby moved its rejection; the Archbishop of Canterbury favoured the second reading. Mr. Bright wrote a letter to the newspapers, pointing out the danger that would arise if the clergy should receive fourteen years' income. Disestablishment is to take place in 1872.

The Marquis of Salisbury's motion to give the glebes and parsonages free to the Protestant clergy, was adopted by 229 to 69.

Lord Cleveland's amendment, providing residences for priests and ministers of other denominations, was rejected.

The question of private endowments was compromised by the offer from the Government of half a million for the purpose; the surplus revenue of the Irish Church is to be applied to the relief of the poor.

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## DRAPERY, HABERDASHERY, ETC.

## NEW DEPARTMENT FOR DRESSMAKING.

DAVID JONES and CO., having perfected their arrangements, HAVE OPENED their new department for DRESSMAKING.

They have obtained the services of one of the most TALENTED MODISTES in the colony to preside over it, and scrupulous care will be exercised to give satisfaction to every lady.

The PRICES have been fixed at the lowest possible scale.

They will find it a great desideratum to be patronised by the ladies and gentlemen who have made up the same establishment.

DAVID JONES and CO. have imported from London and Paris a beautiful variety of pattern costumes, showing the latest fashions in European circles.

## EXTENSIVE REDUCTION IN DRESS FABRICS.

DAVID JONES and COMPANY, having large shipments of the SPRING new landing, are anxious to dispose of the remainder of their Winter stock of DRESS FABRICS.

These have subjected to a reduction of 10 per cent.



## FUNERALS

## BRINGS OF WALKER, OPERA HOUSE,

LAWYER, &amp; CO., Mr. W. Blad-

GEORGE BURTT, Esq., and son, re-

vived to attend the funeral of their late beloved M.C. HORN;

THE FRIENDS OF MR. JOHN TURNER are re-

quested to be present at the Theatre Royal,

Bourke-street.

## LAST FOUR NIGHTS OF

A.T.H. D.A.R.

NOTWITHSTANDING THE POSTPONEMENT

OF THE MILLER AND BIG MEN

WITH NEW STORY AND BLACKWELL'S ETC., all the

POSTPONEMENTS HAVE BEEN

REMOVED.

## THE FRIENDS OF MR. JOHN TURNER are re-

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Bourke-street.

J. G. FRYING, upholsterer, appr. Charles

FRIENDS OF the deceased, Mr. WILLIAM

THOMAS

HORN;

WILLIAM

HORN;